Financial Statements

Statement of Comprehensive Income (in Euros)

Year ended December 31, 2016
Notes 1 and 2

	2016	2015
REVENUE		
Contributions from members (Note 3)	5,089,926	4,066,769
Annual Conferences (Note 3)	120,000	120,000
Exchange Gain	3,057	7,014
Other	23,943	33,135
2015 Capacity Building Program (Note 14)	56,295	43,795
Total Revenue	5,293,221	4,270,713
EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits (Note 4)	2,662,457	2,220,036
Rental and maintenance (Note 13)	96,575	87,869
Travelling	421,397	435,179
Office Supplies	37,250	22,592
Organization and follow up of meetings	76,340	64,784
Telecommunications	100,497	109,533
Delivery and communication	10.939	8,297
Printing and Annual Report	36,174	43,994
Information Technology	150,859	150,839
Professional fees	138,563	145,075
Educational Programs and Technical Assistance	154,364	139,504
Miscellaneous	44,361	48,016
Exchange loss	-	_
PIOB Funding (Note 5)	100,000	100,000
Amortization of capital assets (Note 7)	38,791	40,413
2015 Capacity Building Program (Note 14)	56,295	43,795
Total Expenses	4,124,862	3,659,926
Taxation (Note 11)	-	-
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Excess of revenue over expenses before tax	1 160 250	610 797
(expenses over revenue)	1,168,359	610,787
Other comprehensive income net of tax	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year net of tax	1,168,359	610,787

Statement of Financial Position (in Euros)

Year ended December 31, 2016

Notes 1 and 2

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash (Note 6)	3,199,425	1,235,832
Term Deposits (Note 6)	3,000,000	4,000,000
Accounts Receivable (Note 8)	118,179	50,469
Prepaid Expenses (Note 9)	8,520	80,941
	6,326,124	5,367,242
Capital Assets (Note 7)	80,258	80,915
Total Assets	6,406,382	5,448,157
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	0.47.444	4.45.100
Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	347,444	445,180
Contributions received in advance (Note 3)	381,435	493,833
Total Liabilities	728,879	939,013
MEMBERS' FUNDS		
Excess of revenue over expenses net of tax (expenses over revenue)	1,168,359	610,787
Unrestricted members' funds	4,509,144	3,898,357
Total members' Funds	5,677,503	4,509,144
Total liabilities and members' Funds	6,406,382	5,448,157

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (in Euros) Year ended December 31, 2016 Notes 1 and 2

		2016	2015
	UNRESTRICTED	TOTAL	TOTAL
Balance, beginning of year	4,509,144	4,509,144	3,898,357
Excess of revenue over expenses net of tax			
(expenses over revenue)	1,168,359	1,168,359	610,787
Balance, end of year	5,677,503	5,677,503	4,509,144

Statement of Cash Flows (in Euros)

Year ended December 31, 2016

Notes 1 and 2

	2016	2015
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Total comprehensive income for the year net of tax	1,168,359	610,787
Depreciation of capital assets (Note 7)	38,791	40,413
Decrease (increase) in working capital items (Note 10)	(205,423)	318,028
Net cash generated	1,001,727	969,228
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Term deposits transactions (Note 6)	1,000,000	(1,000,000)
Capital expenditures (Note 7)	(38,134)	(11,086)
Net cash used	961,866	(1,011,086)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,963,593	(41,858)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,235,832	1,277,690
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	3,199,425	1,235,832
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0.100.405	1 005 000
Cash (Note 6)	3,199,425	1,235,832
	3,199,425	1,235,832

1 Governing Statutes and Purpose of the Organization

The International Organization of Securities Commission (hereinafter IOSCO or "the Organization") is an association of securities regulatory organizations. It was incorporated as a non-profit organization under a private act in Canada (L.Q. 1987, Chapter 143) sanctioned by the Quebec National Assembly, is recognized by the Spanish Government by means of the Third Additional Disposition of Law 55/1999 and whose legal framework is constituted, mainly, by the "Headquarters Agreement between the Kingdom of Spain and the International Organization of Securities Commissions" published in the Spanish Official State Gazette on 17 December 2011 (HQA), and having its domicile in Madrid.

IOSCO is the international body that brings together the world's securities regulators and is recognized as the global standard setter for the securities sector. Its current membership comprises regulatory bodies from over one hundred and thirty jurisdictions who have day-to-day responsibility for securities regulation and the administration of securities laws. IOSCO develops, implements and promotes adherence to internationally recognized standards for securities regulation. It works intensively with the G20 and the Financial Stability Board (FSB) on the global regulatory reform agenda.

The IOSCO Objectives and Principles of Securities Regulation have been endorsed by both the G20 and the FSB as the relevant standards in this area. They are the overarching core principles that guide IOSCO in the development and implementation of internationally recognized and consistent standards of regulation, oversight and enforcement. They form the basis for the evaluation of the securities sector for the Financial Sector Assessment Programs (FSAPs) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank.

By providing high quality technical assistance, education and training, and research to its members and other regulators, IOSCO seeks to build sound global capital markets and a robust global regulatory framework.

The IOSCO objectives are:

- > to cooperate in developing, implementing and promoting adherence to internationally recognized and consistent standards of regulation, oversight and enforcement in order to protect investors, maintain fair, efficient and transparent markets, and seek to address systemic risks;
- > to enhance investor protection and promote investor confidence in the integrity of securities markets, through strengthened information exchange and cooperation in enforcement against misconduct and in supervision of markets and market intermediaries; and
- > to exchange information at both global and regional levels on their respective experiences in order to assist the development of markets, strengthen market infrastructure and implement appropriate regulation.

2 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements are prepared in Euros which is the organization's functional currency.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Secretary General of the Organization on March 31, 2017.

Measurement bases

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis with all assets and liabilities, valued at cost or at amortized costs.

Accounting estimates

The preparation of these financial statements, which are in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Organization may undertake in the future. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revenue and cost recognition

Member contributions are deferred when prepaid and recognised as income only upon accrual and receipt. Revenue received in advance represents members' prepaid contributions.

Operating costs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

Employee entitlements

Employee salaries, social security and other related benefits are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when they are earned. Contributions to staff pension plans and retirement entitlements are recognized when they become due.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Any impairment in the net recoverable amount as compared to the net carrying amount is recognized immediately.

Gains and losses on disposal are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives according to the following methods and annual rates:

	Methods	Rates
Furniture and fixtures	Straight-line	20%
Computer equipment		
Computers and Software	Straight-line	33%
Servers	Straight-line	20-25%
Vehicles	Straight-line	25%

Foreign currency translation

Given that the Organization's functional and presentational currency is Euros, foreign currency transactions are accounted for in Euros at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. Exchange gains or losses on settlement of balances are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when they arise.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in Euros at the foreign exchange at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

3 Revenue

Contributions from members include membership fees collected in the year, corresponding to contributions due for the reporting period and previous reporting periods and contributions from agencies applying for membership.

Annual conference revenue represents the contribution from the member hosting the Annual Conference.

Other revenue is comprised primarily of interest accrued from term deposits (see Note 6).

The account "Contributions received in advance" of the statement of financial position at 31 December 2016 includes funding received from members in 2016, amounting to €381,435 which is designated for subsequent periods (contributions of €493,833 received in advance during 2015). Part of these contributions correspond to members' ordinary membership fees, the remainder correspond to contributions received in advance from nominated Board members in account of the 2015 Capacity Building Program (see note 14). The IOSCO Board agreed that the unspent budget from the 2015 Capacity Building Program would be carried over to fund further activities related to the IOSCO Capacity Building Online Toolkit in 2016 and 2017.

The balance of contributions received in advance as of 31 December 2016 and 2015 is provided in the chart below:

	2016	2015
Ordinary membership contributions	241,525	297,628
2015 Capacity Building Program (Note 14)	139,910	196,205
Total contributions received in advance	381,435	493,833

(in Euros)

4 Salaries and employee benefits. Secondment program

The average staff of the General Secretariat in 2016 and 2015 is shown in the chart below:

		2016			2015	
Permanent staff	Men 9	Woman 13	Total 22	Men 8	Woman 11	Total 19
Secondees	4	2	6	8	1	9
Intern	1	-	1	-	1	1
Total Staff	14	15	29	16	13	29

Total salary and employee benefits' cost are shown in the chart below:

	2016	2015
Gross salaries	2,055,449	1,896,092
Spanish social security	277,824	235,819
Other social benefits	329,184	88,125
Total salaries and employee benefits	2,662,457	2,220,036

In 2016, the Organization had the benefit of seconded staff from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Bangladesh (BSEC), the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht of Germany (BaFin), the Financial Services Agency of Japan (JFSA), the Financial Supervisory Service of Korea (FSS), the Financial Services Commission of Mauritius (FSC), the Financial Regulatory Commission of Mongolia (FRC), the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM) and the Financial Conduct Authority of United Kingdom (FCA).

To extend to secondees the benefits granted to IOSCO staff by the HQA, the typical mode of operation of the secondment program is for the Organization to enter into a trilateral agreement between the sponsoring member and the secondee, offering the secondee an employment contract in Spain.

Secondment program revenue includes contributions from members sponsoring staff to join the General Secretariat on a temporary basis. These contributions generally cover a portion of the seconded staff's salary costs paid through the Organization. Revenue is recognized based on the terms, amounts and payment schedule determined by the Secondment agreement between the Organization and the sponsoring member. The amounts payable to the secondee as part of the respective employment contract are recognized and accrued as an expense. To enhance comparability, the amounts corresponding to the secondment program, both revenue and expenditure, have been offset in the statement of comprehensive income. Consequently, the net difference between revenue and subsidized costs arising from social security adjustment is recognized on a net basis in the statement of comprehensive income under the "Salaries and employee benefits – Other social benefits" account, as shown in the chart below:

	2016	2015
Revenue associated to the Secondment Program	(253,072)	(495,930)
Subsidized expenditure associated to the Secondment Program	261,457	489,099
Net as at December 31, 2016	8,385	(6,831)

(in Euros)

In a minority of cases no trilateral agreement is executed because the sponsoring member continues provide all the employment, administrative and financial requirements with regard to the secondee. When this occurs, IOSCO does not have any direct, formal employment link with the secondee and does not hold any financial obligation. Accordingly, revenue and the related expenditure has not been accrued.

In addition, as part of the secondment agreements and in compliance with the IOSCO Secondment Program, IOSCO assumes certain costs, which are also recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in the "Salaries and employees benefits – Other social benefits" account, related to the moving and relocation of the secondees from their country of origin to Madrid, amounting to \leqslant 43,800 (\leqslant 50,312 for the year 2015).

Also, the "Salaries and employees benefits – Other social benefits" heading in the statement of comprehensive income as of 31 December 2016 includes the contributions made by IOSCO to full time employees' defined contribution pension plans (introduced by the 2020 Strategic Direction and included and approved in IOSCO's 2016 budget) materialized in a Unit Linked managed by Aegon España, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros and other staff pension allowances amounting \in 175,806 (no contributions made in 2015) and full time employees' medical insurance and moving and relocation costs assumed by IOSCO amounting \in 99,438 (\in 41.809 for the year 2015).

5 PIOB Funding

The Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) was formally established in February 2005 as part of the IFAC Reform Proposals with the objective to increase investor and other stakeholder confidence that IFAC's public interest activities, including standard setting by IFAC's independent boards, are properly responsive to the public interest.

With the view of diversifying funding sources for the PIOB, the IOSCO Executive Committee decided in October 2011 to provide the PIOB a direct financial contribution of one hundred thousand Euros per year, starting in 2013.

IOSCO contributed €100,000 to the PIOB in 2016 and 2015.

6 Cash and Term Deposits

Cash is held in current bank accounts or bank term deposits denominated in Euros in Caixabank, Santander Private Banking, and BBVA, all EU entities with an upper medium credit rating. Cash balances include a small portion held in US dollars. There are no restrictions for the use of cash.

The basic terms of the bank deposits as of 31 December 2016 and 2015 are shown in the charts below:

Counterparty (in Euros)	Currency	Contract date	Maturity date	Annualized interest rate	16 Amounts
Banco Santander*	Euro	10/02/2016	10/03/2018	0.649%	500,000
Banco Santander*	Euro	14/02/2016	14/03/2018	0.649%	500,000
Banco Santander*	Euro	17/02/2016	17/03/2018	0.649%	500,000
Banco Santander*	Euro	20/02/2016	20/03/2018	0.649%	500,000
Banco Santander*	Euro	01/03/2016	01/04/2018	0.649%	500,000
Banco Santander*	Euro	07/03/2016	07/04/2018	0.649%	500,000
Total as at December 31,	2016				3,000,000

^(*) Term deposits with quarterly liquidity windows

				20	15
Counterparty (in Euros)	Currency	Contract date	Maturity date	Annualized interest rate	Amounts
Banco Santander	Euro	10/01/2014	10/02/2016	0.541%	500,000
Banco Santander	Euro	14/01/2014	14/02/2016	0.541%	500,000
Banco Santander	Euro	17/01/2014	17/02/2016	0.541%	500,000
Banco Santander	Euro	20/01/2014	20/02/2016	0.541%	500,000
Banco Santander	Euro	01/02/2014	01/03/2016	0.541%	500,000
Banco Santander	Euro	07/02/2014	07/03/2016	0.541%	500,000
BBVA	Euro	08/06/2015	07/06/2016	0.250%	250,000
BBVA	Euro	08/06/2015	07/06/2016	0.250%	250,000
BBVA	Euro	08/06/2015	07/06/2016	0.250%	250,000
BBVA	Euro	08/06/2015	07/06/2016	0.250%	250,000
Total as at December 31, 2	2015				4,000,000

7 Capital Assets

				2016
	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Computer equipment	Total
At the lower of recoverable value and cost				
Balance, beginning of year	37,561	104,599	626,032	768,192
Additions	-	1,628	36,506	38,134
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	37,561	106,227	662,538	806,326
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance, beginning of year	(14,085)	(68,895)	(604,297)	(687,277)
Depreciation	(9,390)	(12,395)	(17,006)	(38,791)
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	(23,475)	(81,290)	(621,303)	(726,068)
Net as at December 31, 2016	14,086	24,937	41,235	80,258

(in Euros)

				2015
	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Computer equipment	Total
At the lower of recoverable value and cost				
Balance, beginning of year	37,561	104,599	621,049	763,209
Additions	-	-	11,086	11,086
Disposals	-	-	(6,103)	(6,103)
Balance, end of year	37,561	104,599	626,032	768,192
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance, beginning of year	(4,695)	(52,833)	(595,439)	(652,967)
Depreciation	(9,390)	(16,062)	(14,961)	(40,413)
Disposals		-	6,103	6,103
Balance, end of year	(14,085)	(68,895)	(604,297)	(687,277)
Net as at December 31, 2015	23,476	35,704	21,735	80,915

8 Accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities

a) Accounts receivable		
	2016	2015
Secondment contributions	104,402	38,758
Other	13,777	11,710
Total Accounts receivable	118,179	50,468

(in Euros)

b) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
-, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2016	2015
Professional services	87,684	88,730
Occupancy	68,000	65,000
Spanish Taxes (employee's income tax withheld) and Social Security	120,002	96,221
Contractual staff commitments	33,714	105,979
Travelling	31,899	61,245
Other	6,145	28,005
Total Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	347,444	445,180

(in Euros)

9 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses comprise advance payments in the reporting period relating to services that will be rendered in subsequent periods. They are carried on the balance sheet until the service is rendered and expenses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Detail of prepaid expenses at December 31 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	2016	2015
Travel booked in advance for subsequent periods Other	3,171 5,349	80,941
Total Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8,520	80,941

10 Information Included in the Statement of Cash Flows

The increases (decreases) in working capital items are detailed as follows:

	2016	2015
Accounts receivable	(67,710)	8,706
Prepaid expenses	72,421	(28,702)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(97,736)	82,837
Contributions received in advance	(112,398)	255,187
Increases (decreases) in working capital	(205, 423)	318,028

(in Euros)

11 Taxation

On December 29, 1999, the Spanish Parliament passed legislation (Law 55/1999), to exempt the Organization from Spanish income tax. On November 23, 2011, IOSCO signed a Headquarters Agreement with the Kingdom of Spain.

12 Government Assistance

As part of the headquarters agreement, IOSCO receives from the Spanish Authorities the right to use a 56% share of the 12 Oquendo premises free of charge, exclusive of non-structural maintenance expenses (e.g., electricity, water, elevator maintenance, etc). The estimated revenue in kind associated with the 56% share is of € 219,811 for 2016.

IOSCO has also entered into an agreement with the Spanish securities regulator, Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (CNMV) under which the parties agreed that the CNMV will be responsible for meeting the costs of security and maintenance of security systems in the IOSCO premises; insuring the premises; and municipal and local property taxes. These revenues in kind have been estimated at \leqslant 73,099 for 2016 (\leqslant 64,154 in 2015).

13 Rental and Maintenance

	2016	2015
Estimated Spanish Authorities' charges for non-structural maintenance costs	68,000	65,000
Other external maintenance services	28,575	22,869
Total rental and maintenance	96,575	87,869

14 2015 Capacity Building Program

In June 2014, the IOSCO Board approved a pilot program for additional capacity building activities to be carried out by the General Secretariat. These activities included the creation of an Online Toolkit and the organization of two additional regional training seminars. These capacity building activities for IOSCO members are in addition to the long-standing and on-going IOSCO education and training activities.

As part of this approval, the Board also agreed that the pilot program would be funded by a one-off contribution of € 15,000 from nominated members to the IOSCO Board,² to be paid in 2015 as a supplement to their 2015 annual membership contribution fees. The IOSCO Presidents Committee ratified this agreement in its resolution 2/2014.

A total of € 240,000 was received in 2015 from 16 nominated Board members.

The total costs incurred in 2016 to support and develop the pilot program were € 56,295 (€ 43,795 in 2015). These costs correspond primarily to the professional consulting fees for the development of the materials for certain portions of the pilot program.

During the course of 2016, the IOSCO Board agreed to use the unspent funds to further enhance the pilot program.

The unspent funds of €139,910 (€196,205 as of 31 December 2015) have been recognized as contributions received in advance from members (see note 3).

15 Auditors' remuneration

The total remuneration paid by IOSCO to its auditors is € 9,000 for 2016 and 2015.

16 Subsequent Events

In the opinion of the management, there are no significant events that need to be reported.

² Annex A of the Presidents Committee Resolution on the composition of the IOSCO Board (Resolution 5/2013). Nominated Board members are the 18 members from jurisdictions with the largest markets, based on measures of equity market capitalization, debt market issuance, assets under management and derivatives trading.